Test your knowledge of the Connecticut Freedom Trail with this short quiz. Have your friends give it a try, too. Next month, the answers for these questions will be posted at the bottom of the page, so don’t forget to check back in!

1. Hartford native who appears in the movie "Rebel Without A Cause."
   A. Katharine Hepburn
   B. Marietta Canty
   C. Natalie Wood
   D. Louise Beavers

2. The Waterbury chapter of the National Association for the Advancement of Colored People (NAACP) was founded in this building in 1942.
   A. The People's Center
   B. James Mars
   C. Prince Hall Masonic Temple
   D. Hopkins Street Center

3. It was here that the Mende Africans embarked on the Farmington Canal to other towns to give exhibitions and raise money for their return to Africa.
   A. Canal House and Pitkin Basin
   B. Long Wharf
   C. Mystic Seaport
   D. U.S. Custom House

4. At this house, the Smith Family hosted abolitionist meetings, permitted anti-slavery lectures on the lawn, distributed literature and obtained signatures on anti-slavery petitions.
   A. Smith-Cowles House
   B. The Ovals
   C. Washburn Tavern
   D. Kimberly Mansion

   A. William Grimes
   B. Venture Smith
   C. James Mars
   D. David Ruggles

6. Harlem Renaissance author, Ann Petry, who wrote the novel, The Street, was born here.
   A. James Phamacy, Old Saybrook
   B. Hannah Gray House, New Haven
   C. Hopkins Street Center, Waterbury
   D. Shaker Village, Enfield
7. He masterminded the idea of debates on slavery and was the key force behind the February, 1834 Lane Debates in Cincinnati, Ohio.
   A. Theodore Dwight Weld
   B. William Lloyd Garrison
   C. Wendell Phillips
   D. Amos Beman

8. He was the president of the Litchfield County Anti-Slavery Society and the Connecticut Anti-Slavery Society. His house, built in 1802, was a stop on the Underground Railroad.
   A. Lyman Beecher
   B. Solomon Rowe
   C. Uriel Tuttle
   D. John Brown

9. Lawyer and abolitionist who represented the Amistad captives before the U.S. Circuit and District Courts in Connecticut from 1839 to 1840.
   A. Henry Baldwin
   B. Roger Sherman Baldwin
   C. John Quincy Adams
   D. Lewis Tappan

10. The CFT Quilt with the least number of blocks/squares.
    A. Northwestern Region
    B. North Central Region
    C. Southwestern Region
    D. Eastern Region

11. The only African Methodist Episcopal (AME) church on the Connecticut Freedom Trail is in this town.
    A. Plainville
    B. Meriden
    C. Greenwich
    D. Windsor

12. His life is extremely well-documented with evidence, including: his manumission papers, his will, the house in which he lived both as an enslaved and free person and his gravestone in the Old Center Burying Yard.
    A. Venture Smith
    B. Bristol
    C. William Winters
    D. David Ruggles

13. In 1842, he petitioned the Connecticut General Assembly in an effort to gain the right to vote, which was denied to African Americans in the state's constitution.
    A. James Mars
    B. Boston Trowtrow
14. In 1876 he spoke at the Town of Windsor's observance of the American Centennial celebration.
   A. Paul Robeson
   B. Joseph Rainey
   C. Amos Beman
   D. Roger Sherman Baldwin

15. City with the largest number of Connecticut Freedom Trail sites.
   A. Hartford
   B. Farmington
   C. Windsor
   D. New Haven

Answers to April Trivia Questions
1. C.
2. C.
3. C.
4. A.
5. A.
6. D.
7. C.
8. C.
9. C.
10. B.
11. B.
12. A.
13. C.
14. B.
15. D.